

Traveling on the Silk Road

Rjurik Davidson



Summary

This book is about how goods and ideas passed from country to country along the Silk Road.

Contents

Before Reading	Think Ahead	2
	Vocabulary	3
During Reading	Comprehension	5
After Reading	Think About It	8

Think Ahead

Look at the picture and answer the questions.



- 1. What difficult environment was crossed along the Silk Road?
- 2. What animals are often used to cross the desert?
- 3. What did camels often carry for trade along the Silk Road?
- 4. Where was a good place to take a break while crossing the desert?

Vocabulary



•

•

•

.

- a. pray
 b. bandit
 c. oasis
 d. handicrafts

 - e. camel
 - f. cave
 - g. silk
 - h. Buddha

B Write the word for each definition.

	desert	Xian	Marco Polo	amazing	sacred								
1		dedicated	l to a religious purpo	ose and deserving	g great respect								
2.		the capital city of China during the Han Dynasty											
3		surprising or wonderful											
4.		a famous Italian traveler											
5. <u>-</u>	a landscape that is very dry												

C Choose the word that means about the same as the underlined words.

1. The Silk Road was sometimes dangerous because people would hide and wait to <u>steal from</u> other people.

	a. hurt	b. trick	c. murder	d. rob									
2.	Many people started their <u>trip</u> in Xian, China.												
	a. camel	b. journey	c. philosophy	d. week									
3.	. The most <u>well-known</u> thing for sale along the Silk Road was silk.												
	a. rich	b. handsome	c. famous	d. intelligent									
4.	. The Silk Road <u>was used to travel between</u> many countries.												
	a. crossed	b. between	c. connected	d. divided									

Comprehension

A Match the pictures with the correct sentences.

- a. Silk is a soft material used to make clothes.
- b. Bandits along the Silk Road sometimes tried to rob or kill travelers.
- c. Samarkand had a lot of water and was a great place to stop after crossing the desert.



1. _____







```
3. _____
```

B Choose the best answer.

- 1. Why did most people travel the Silk Road?
 - a. To study foreign languages
 - c. To carry things for sale
- 2. Which was not a way people traveled the Silk Road?
 - a. Ship b. Horse
 - c. On foot
- 3. Why was an oasis such a good place to stop and rest?
 - a. Travelers could buy silk there.

b. There was plenty of food.

b. To escape hardship

d. To visit new places

d. Camel

c. An oasis was a sacred site.

d. Water was found at an oasis.

C Choose the correct phrase for each picture. One (1) choice will not be used.

- a. Dangers along the Silk Road
- b. The most popular item for sale on the Silk Road
- c. The Silk Road's most famous traveler
- d. Ideas carried along the Silk Road
- e. The best way to travel the Silk Road



1.



2.



3.



4. _____

D Read each sentence. Write "T" if it is true or "F" if it is false.

- 1. _____ Cars, trains, and planes were used to travel the Silk Road.
- 2. _____ People carried many things for sale along the Silk Road.
- 3. _____ Xian was once the capital of China.
- 4. _____ Samarkand was famous for its wonderful food.
- 5. _____ The Silk Road is still a major trade route today.



- a. _____ Marco Polo wrote a book about his travels along the Silk Road.
- b. _____ The Silk Road dates from about 100 BC.
- c. _____ Ships became a safer and quicker way to travel than the Silk Road.
- d. _____ Some countries want to rebuild the Silk Road.
- e. _____ Many people used camels and horses to travel the Silk Road.

Think About It

A Look in the reader to write the answers to the following 5-W questions.

Who?	What?	When?	Where?	Why?
carried many things such as items to sell or ideas to share.	The was the greatest road in the world and connected many different countries.	The Silk Road dates back from about and lasted until ships became safer and faster after the tenth century.	At the eastern end of the Silk Road was Xian, China, and the road stretched west into	Most people traveling on the Silk Road were bringing most famously silk.

B Complete the sentences below with your own ideas.

		1		H	ř	1	Ē		1	-	1-	1	ř	H	-	6	
Fron	n this	book	, I le	earn	ed _												
							 	 				 					•
D (Ŧ	1.1	. 1	,	T 1												
Beto	re I re																
Now	7 I also	o kno	w				 	 				 					
																	·